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DETERMINANT OF THE QUALITY OF REGIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTS

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Abstract

This review was directed to look at and investigate the impact of inside control frameworks, bookkeeping data frameworks, monetary management and the utilization of data innovation on the nature of the budget summaries of the Jayapura City Government OPD. The number of inhabitants in this exploration is all Regional Apparatus Organizations in Jayapura City, adding up to 34 offices. In light of the purposive testing procedure, an example of 102 individuals was acquired from each territorial association. The investigation procedure utilized is various straight relapse. Then, at that point, the consequences of the review show that: (1) The Internal Control System has a positive and critical impact on the Quality of Financial Reports. (2) The Regional Financial Accounting System has a positive and critical impact on the Quality of Financial Reports. (3) Financial Supervision doesn't influence the Quality of Financial Reports. (4) Utilization of Information Technology doesn't influence the Quality of Financial Reports. (5) Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision, and Utilization of Information Technology have a critical concurrent impact on the Quality of Financial Reports.

Kata Kunci: Financial Report Quality, Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision, Utilization of Information Technology.

Preliminary

Issues with respect to the nature of monetary reports are presently getting more blazing to examine, the quantity of instances of low quality of neighborhood government monetary reports in Indonesia is as yet a hot issue that should be concentrated all the more profoundly. The bad quality of monetary reports is for the most part brought about by the planning of budget summaries that don't fulfill government bookkeeping guidelines, territorial monetary administration, insufficient inward control frameworks and the absence of ability of existing bookkeeping staff (Setyowati dkk., 2016). One of the substantial endeavors to acknowledge straightforwardness and responsibility in the administration of state funds is the accommodation of government monetary responsibility reports, which conform to convenient standards and are arranged adhering to commonly acknowledged government bookkeeping guidelines (Sutisman dkk., 2020).

In light of data about the nature of neighborhood government monetary reports that have been known from the authority site cenderawasihpos.co.id identified with the news submitted, in particular the Jayapura City Government under the initiative of Dr. Benhur Tomi Mano, MM. won for the seventh time the evaluation of the monetary assessment of WTP (Unqualified) from the Supreme Audit Agency of the Republic of Indonesia (BPK RI). Notwithstanding, he conceded that from the consequences of the assessment, a few issues were found, including the arrangement of fiscal summaries that did not depend on a union cycle, the organization of fixed resources was not all together, the administration of honorarium for impermanent workers who were not long-lasting in the ecological help and tidiness was not deliberate. This makes the nature of the public authority's monetary reports actually have numerous inadequacies, so it is important to investigate what variables impact it.

Regarding this peculiarity, the public authority's budget reports should be introduced in a quality way so that everything gatherings can evaluate whether the presentation did is as per the public authority's work program. In view of Government Regulation Number 71 of 2010 concerning Government Accounting Standards, it is clarified that quality monetary reports have the accompanying attributes; (a) pertinent; (b) dependable; (c) similar; and (d) justifiable. There are a few factors that impact the nature of monetary reports, including interior control frameworks, bookkeeping data frameworks, monetary management and the utilization of data innovation.

ased on data about the nature of neighborhood government monetary reports that have been known from the authority site cenderawasihpos.co.id identified with the news submitted, specifically



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the Jayapura City Government under the initiative of Benhur Tomi Mano. won for the seventh time the evaluation of the monetary assessment of WTP (Unqualified) from the Supreme Audit Agency of the Republic of Indonesia (BPK RI). Notwithstanding, he conceded that from the consequences of the assessment, a few issues were found, including the readiness of budget reports that did not depend on a solidification cycle, the organization of fixed resources was not all together, the administration of honorarium for impermanent representatives who were not long-lasting in the ecological help and tidiness was not precise. This makes the nature of the public authority's monetary reports actually have numerous inadequacies, so it is important to investigate what variables impact it.

In view of the depiction above, with the peculiarities that happen, the specialists need to examine what elements can influence the nature of the Jayapura City Government's monetary reports. Hence the title of this exploration is "Determinants of the Quality of Local Government Financial Reports"

In light of the portrayal of the foundation over, the plan of the issue in this review is as per the following:

- 1. Does the inner control framework influence the nature of the monetary reports of the Jayapura City Government OPD?
- 2. Does the bookkeeping data framework influence the nature of the fiscal reports of the Jayapura City Government OPD?
- 3. Does monetary management influence the nature of the Jayapura City Government OPD monetary reports?
- 4. Does the utilization of data innovation influence the nature of the monetary reports of the Jayapura City Government OPD?
- 5. Does the inward control framework, bookkeeping data framework, monetary control and usage of data innovation all the while influence the nature of the monetary reports of the Jayapura City Government OPD?

Literatur Review

Quality Of Financial Report

Monetary Report Quality is a necessity basis that is viewed as ready to meet the desires of clients or perusers of fiscal summaries, detailing monetary data to address client issues while giving assurance to proprietors dependent on the subjective attributes of monetary data and full and reasonable divulgence (Yanti dkk., 2020).

The portrayal of reasonableness is communicated as an assessment by considering the measures for congruity of budget summaries with Government Accounting Standards (SAP). The subjective attributes of budget summaries are regularizing requirements required so government monetary reports can meet the ideal quality. Aspects for estimating the nature of nearby government monetary reports incorporate (1) important, (2) solid, (3) justifiable, and (4) practically identical (Rohmah dkk., 2020).

Internal Control System

The Internal Control System is an interaction intended to give sufficient confirmation in regards to the accomplishment of the destinations of a neighborhood government as reflected in commendable monetary detailing, productivity, and adequacy in executing projects and exercises just as consistence with laws and guidelines (Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs Number 13 of 2006). Interior management in the Regency/City is completed by the Government Internal Supervisory Apparatus called the Regency/City Inspectorate. The Regency/City Inspectorate oversees movements of every kind with regards to executing the obligations and elements of the Regency/City Regional Apparatus Work Unit (SKPD) financed by the Regency or City APBD. aspects for estimating the Internal Control System, including (1) control climate, (2) hazard appraisal, (3) control exercises, (4) data and correspondence, and (5) inner control observing (Rohmah dkk., 2020).

Inward Control comprises of approaches and methodology used to accomplish objectives and ensure or give dependable monetary data, just as guarantee consistence with material laws and guidelines (Holle dkk., 2019) . The Internal Control System is a vital interaction for activities and exercises completed consistently by the authority and all workers to give sufficient trust in the

accomplishment of hierarchical objectives through viable and productive exercises, dependability of monetary detailing, protecting state resources, and consistence with laws and guidelines. (Mokoginta dkk., 2017).

Accounting Information System

This data framework is known as the Regional Financial Information System (SIKD). Usage of SIKD can accelerate the work cycle in provincial monetary administration and give thorough territorial monetary data to the more extensive local area. Usage of Regional Financial Accounting Information Systems is additionally vital in making quality monetary reports. To acknowledge responsibility and straightforwardness in territorial monetary administration, the utilization of data innovation is a need that should be met, to assist with overseeing information all the more rapidly, adequately and productively (Rohmah dkk., 2020).

Financial Control

As indicated by the Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs Number 51 of 2010 concerning Guidelines for Supervision of the Implementation of Regional Government, in particular Regional Financial Supervision is a course of exercises pointed toward guaranteeing that local state run administrations run successfully and proficiently as per the plans and arrangements of laws and guidelines.

As indicated by the Law of the Republic of Indonesia Number 23 of 2014 concerning Regional Government, it expresses: "The DPRD has the assignment and power to complete oversight over the execution of Regional Regulations and different laws and guidelines, territorial head guidelines, APBD, local government strategies in carrying out provincial advancement projects, and participation worldwide nearby. Pointers in monetary oversight as per (Ulum 2010) are: (a) Guaranteeing assurance that the spending plan execution is really carried out, (b) Keeping the income and use exercises of state/local uses as per the financial plan that has been laid out and, (c) Keeping the execution The APBN/APBD can truly be represented.

Use Of Information Technology

Usage of data innovation is a course of handling and dispersing information by using PC and media communications gear for exercises completed by an individual. Data innovation in Indonesia is creating in accordance with the advancement of progressively present day human development. The advancement of data innovation incorporates the improvement of equipment, programming, information stockpiling innovation, and correspondence innovation (Laudon dan Laudon 2006).

As per Mustafa (2010),, the utilization of data innovation is estimated by a fewpointers including: (a) Device, is a marker to portray the culmination that upholds the execution of the utilization of data innovation, including programming, equipment and organization frameworks. (b) Financial Data Management, is a pointer to portray the utilization of data innovation for monetary information the board in a deliberate and extensive way. (c) Maintenance, is a pointer to portray the presence of an ordinary gear upkeep plan for data innovation gadgets to help the smooth running of the work.

Empirical Model

The observational model that depicts the relationship of free or autonomous factors, specifically the Internal Control System (X1), Accounting Information System (X2), Financial Supervision (X3) and Utilization of Information Technology (X4) to the reliant variable, in particular the Quality of Financial Reports (Y) as follows:

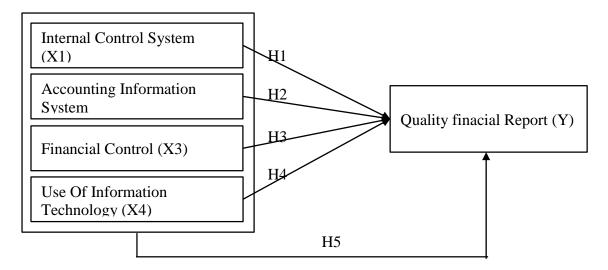


Figure 1. Empirical Research Hypothesis

- H₁: The Government's Internal Control System significantly affects the Quality of Financial Report Information
- H₂ : The Regional Financial Accounting System significantly affects the Quality of Financial Reports
- H₃ : Financial management significantly affects the Quality of Financial Reports
- H4 : Utilization of Information Technology significantly affects the Quality of Financial Reports
- H5: Government Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision and Utilization of Information Technology all the while influence the Quality of Financial Reports

Research Methods

This kind of examination is informative exploration. The plan in this review is remembered for quantitative examination. Then, at that point, the populace is the whole assortment of components identified with what specialists expect in making a few determinations (Noch and Husen, 2015), the populace in this review is 34 Regional Apparatus Organizations in the Jayapura City region.

As indicated by Sugiyono (2017), the example is important for the populace that is the wellspring of information in the review, which is essential for the quantity of qualities moved by the populace. The example choice for this review was completed utilizing a non-likelihood examining procedure utilizing a purposive inspecting strategy.

Not really settled are: (1) Leaders of each Regional Apparatus Organization (OPD) office. (2) A worker who fills in as the top of the money division in an OPD organization. (3) One of the master staff workers in the money office at the OPD office. In light of this strategy, an example of 102 respondents were gotten who are representatives of OPD organizations in Jayapura City.

The information utilized in this review is essential information. Essential information assortment was done utilizing field research strategies with information assortment methods utilizing a survey with a Likert scale.

Then, at that point, the factual examination utilized in this review is Multiple Linear Regression Analysis dependent on the measurable t test method, the F measurement test, and the coefficient of assurance with the assistance of SPSS programming variant 22. There are a few information investigation tests utilized like distinct factual examination, research instrument tests, old style presumption test, and theory testing.

Research Result And Discusscion

Research Result Validity Test Table 1. Validity Test

No	Variable	Indicator	r count	Sig.	Descriptive
		Y1	0,720	0,000	Valide
1	Quality Financial Report	Y2	0,724	0,000	Valide
1	(Y)	Y3	0,839	0,000	Valide
		Y4	0,831	0,000	Valide
	Internal Control System (X1)	X1.1	0,813	0,000	Valide
		X1.2	0,666	0,000	Valide
2		X1.3	0,769	0,000	Valide
		X1.4	0,734	0,000	Valide
		X1.5	0,822	0,000	Valide
	D : 15: :1	X2.1	0,666	0,000	Valide
3	Regional Financial Accounting System(X2)	X2.2	0,824	0,000	Valide
	Accounting System(A2)	X2.3	0,836	0,000	Valide
	Financial Control (X3)	X3.1	0,789	0,000	Valide
4		X3.2	0,731	0,000	Valide
		X3.3	0,802	0,000	Valide
	Use Of Information	X4.1	0,782	0,000	Valide
5	Technology	X4.2	0,694	0,000	Valide
	(X4)	X4.3	0,776	0,000	Valide

(Source: Processing Data, 2021)

In light of the legitimacy test table above, it shows that the item second coefficient (r) is more prominent than 0.5 and the sig esteem is 0.000, which implies that the whole assertion thing is substantial for additional testing.

Reliability Test

Table 2. Reliability Test

No	Variable	Cronbach's Alpha	Critical Value	Descriptive
1	Quality Financial Report (Y)	0,785	0,6	Reliable
2	Internal Control System (X1)	0,817	0,6	Reliable
3	Accounting Financial System (X2)	0,668	0,6	Reliable
4	Financial Control (X3)	0,666	0,6	Reliable
5	Use Of Technologi Information (X4)	0,612	0,6	Reliable

(Source: Processing Data, 2021)

In view of the unwavering quality test table above, it shows that the worth of Cronbach's Alpha > 0.60 on all factors. Hence, one might say that all estimation ideas of every factor from the survey are solid, which implies that all information in this review meet the prerequisites and are steady.

Normality Test

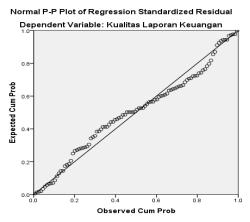


Figure 2. Normality Test

In view of the image above, it is realized that on the corner to corner line of Financial Statement Quality (Y), little dabs that clarify that the relapse information seems to follow the heading of the inclining line, hence the relapse model in this review can be supposed to be ordinarily conveyed and this relapse model is practical, to utilize.

Multikolinearity

Table 3. Multikolinearity Test

There ex interior that I are				
		Multikolinearity Test		
Model		Tolerance	VIF	
1	(Constant)			
	CI System	.241	4.156	
	AKD System	.248	4.028	
	FC	.772	1.296	
	UOTI	.773	1.294	

In view of the table above, it shows that the worth of resistance on the free factor > 0.1 and the worth of Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) < 10. Hence, from these outcomes it very well may be presumed that all relapse models in this review don't have multicollinearity and the information is doable, to utilize.

Heteroscedasticity Test

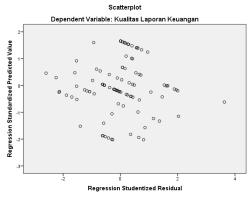


Figure 3. Heteroscedasticity Test

In light of the image above, it shows that on the Y pivot (Quality of Financial Statements) little specks spread around the top and lower part of the Y hub or 0, consequently this test condition passes with a sign that there is no heteroscedasticity so it tends to be proceeded to next test.

Multiple linear regression

Tabel 4. Multiple linear regression Test

Variable Coefficient	t Count	Sig	Descriptive
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Constant	0,191			
CIS	0,505	7,442	0,000	Significan
AKD System	0,372	3,417	0,001	Significan
CF	0,046	0,746	0,457	No significan
UOTI	0,060	0,922	0,359	No significan
Adjusted R Square	0,827			
F Count	121,456		0.000	significan
F table	2,47			
t table	1,984			

(Source: Processing, 2021)

The consistent worth of 0.191 demonstrates that if the worth of all autonomous factors in this review is 0 or fixed, then, at that point, the worth of the reliant variable, to be specific the Quality of Financial Statements (Y) is 0.191.

The relapse coefficient worth of the Internal Control System variable (X1) is 0.505 with a positive worth. This implies that for each expansion in the Internal Control System variable by 1 time, the worth of the Financial Report Quality variable will increment by 0.505. Hence, the Internal Control System makes a positive commitment to the Quality of Financial Reports.

The relapse coefficient worth of the Regional Financial Accounting System (X2) variable is 0.372 with a positive worth. This implies that for each 1 time expansion in the Regional Financial Accounting System variable, the worth of the Financial Report Quality variable will increment by 0.372. Accordingly, the Regional Financial Accounting System makes a positive commitment to the Quality of Financial Reports.

The relapse coefficient worth of the Financial Supervision variable (X3) is 0.046 with a positive worth. This implies that for each 1 time expansion in the Financial Supervision variable, the worth of the Financial Report Quality variable will increment by 0.046. In this manner, Financial Supervision makes a positive commitment to the Quality of Financial Reports.

The relapse coefficient worth of the Information Technology Utilization variable (X4) is 0.060 with a positive worth. This implies that for each 1 time expansion in the Information Technology Utilization variable, the worth of the Financial Report Quality variable will increment by 0.060. In this manner, the Utilization of Information Technology makes a positive commitment to the Quality of Financial Reports.

Hypothesis TestTable 5. Hypothesis Test

No.	Statement	Score	Status
1.	Inward Control System on the	$t_{count} = 7,442$	Reject H0 and
	Quality of Financial Reports	Sig t = $0,000$	Accept Ha
		$t_{table} = 1,984$	(Hypothesis
			acknowledged)
2.	Local Financial Accounting Sys-	$t_{count} = 3,417$	Reject H0 and
	tem on the Quality of Financial	Sig t = $0,001$	Accept Ha
	Reports	$t_{table} = 1,984$	(Hypothesis
	_		accepted)
3.	Monetary Supervision on the	$t_{count} = 0,746$	Acknowledge H0
	Quality of Financial Reports	Sig t = $0,457$	and Reject Ha
		$t_{table} = 1,984$	(Hypothesis is
			dismissed)
4.	Use of Information Technology on	$t_{count} = 0,922$	Acknowledge H0
	the Quality of Financial Reports	Sig t = $0,359$	and Reject Ha
	_	$t_{tabel} = 1,984$	(Hypothesis is
			dismissed)

No.	Statement	Score	Status
5.	Inner Control System, Financial	$F_{count} = 121,456$	Reject H0 and
	Accounting System, Financial Su-	Sig F = 0.000	Accept Ha
	pervision, Utilization of Infor-	$F_{\text{table}} = 2,470$	(Hypothesis
	mation Technology on the Quality		accepted)
	of Financial Reports		-

1) Hypothesis 1

In light of the consequences of theory testing in table 4.13 above, it shows that the Internal Control System variable (X1) has a t-count worth of 7.442 which is more noteworthy than the t-table worth of 1.98472 with the recipe df = nk or the measure of information (n) less the quantity of factors (k) = 102–5 at a huge degree of 0.05. Then, at that point, the importance esteem got is 0.000 which is more modest than the 0.05 degree of importance. Consequently, it tends to be reasoned that the Internal Control System variable (X1) has a positive and huge impact on the Financial Statement Quality variable (Y), so the theory that the Internal Control System affects the Financial Statement Quality (H1) is acknowledged.

2) Hypothesis 2

In view of the consequences of theory testing in table 4.13 above, it shows that the Regional Financial Accounting System variable (X2) has a t-count worth of 3.417 which is more prominent than the t-table worth of 1.98472 with the equation df = nk or the measure of information (n) less the quantity of factors. (k) = 102-5 at a huge degree of 0.05. Then, at that point, the importance esteem got is 0.001 which is more modest than the 0.05 degree of importance. Consequently, it very well may be reasoned that the Regional Financial Accounting System variable (X2) has a positive and critical impact on the Financial Report Quality variable (Y), so the theory that the Regional Financial Accounting System affects the Financial Report Quality (H2) is acknowledged.

3) Hypothesis 3

In view of the consequences of theory testing in table 4.13 above, it shows that the Financial Supervision variable (X3) has a t-count worth of 0.746 which is more modest than the t-table worth of 1.98472 with the recipe df = nk or the measure of information (n) less the quantity of factors (k).) = 102-5 at a huge degree of 0.05. Then, at that point, the importance esteem got is 0.457, which is more noteworthy than the 0.05 importance level. Hence, it tends to be presumed that the Financial Supervision variable (X3) has no impact on the Financial Report Quality variable (Y), so the theory that Financial Supervision influences the Financial Report Quality (H3) is dismissed.

4) Hypothesis 4

In view of the aftereffects of speculation testing in table 4.13 above, it shows that the Information Technology Utilization variable (X4) has a t-count worth of 0.922 which is more modest than the t-table worth of 1.98472 with the equation df = nk or the measure of information (n) less the quantity of factors (k) = 102-5 at a huge degree of 0.05. Then, at that point, the importance esteem acquired is 0.359, which is more noteworthy than the 0.05 degree of importance. Consequently, it tends to be presumed that the variable Utilization of Information Technology (X4) has no impact on the variable Quality of Financial Statements (Y), so the theory that the Utilization of Information Technology influences the Quality of Financial Statements (H4) is dismissed.

5) Hypothesis 5

In view of the information in table 4.13 above, it very well may be seen that the Fcount esteem is 121.456 and the importance esteem is 0.000. The quantity of tests shaping the relapse is 102, so the equation for the worth of F table is N1 = k-1 = 5-1 = 4, while N2 = nk-1 = 102-4-1 = 97, at a meaning of 0.05, then, at that point, the worth Ftable is 2.47. Along these lines, it implies that the worth of Fcount is more prominent than Ftable and the importance worth of 0.000 is more modest than 0.05, so it tends to be inferred that the Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision and Utilization of Information Technology on the reliant variable, specifically the Quality of Financial Reports so that (H5) acknowledged.

4.2. Conversation

1. The Effect of Internal Control System on the Quality of Financial Reports

In light of the aftereffects of a basic straight relapse test, it is realized that the Internal Control System variable (X1) has a positive and huge impact on the Financial Statement Quality variable (Y),

these outcomes are demonstrated by the worth of the incomplete t test that the tcount esteem is 7.442 and the importance esteem is 0.000 more modest than importance level of 0.05. Along these lines, the Internal Control System is the principle factor that can influence the Quality of Financial Reports, so the level of the Internal Control System will influence the nature of Financial Reports in the Jayapura City Government.

This shows that the inside control framework in the Jayapura City government has been executed appropriately so representatives can amplify the nature of their monetary reports and stay away from misrepresentation. As indicated by the Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs Number 59 of 2009 concerning Guidelines for Regional Financial Management, the inward control framework is a method for observing the presentation of an association's HR and assumes a significant part in forestalling and identifying misrepresentation. An interaction intended to give adequate trust in the accomplishment of nearby government targets as reflected in the dependability of monetary reports, productivity, and protections

The primary goal in the public authority is to construct a decent interior control framework in each SKPD and increment the number and nature of HR with instructive foundations, also to lead preparing in finance for officials identified with provincial monetary administration and thirdly to work on the jobs and elements of the public authority. inspectorate by setting proficient faculty (Sutisman et al., 2020).

The aftereffects of this review are in accordance with Kapriana and Agung (2020) and Litualy (2020) which express that the inside control framework has a huge beneficial outcome on the nature of neighborhood government monetary reports.

2. The Influence of the Regional Financial Accounting System on the Quality of Financial Reports

In light of the aftereffects of a straightforward direct relapse test, it is realized that the Regional Financial Accounting System (X2) variable has a positive and huge impact on the Financial Report Quality variable (Y), these outcomes are demonstrated by the worth of the halfway t test that the tcount esteem is 3.417 and the importance esteem is 0.001 more modest of an importance level of 0.05. Subsequently, the Regional Financial Accounting System is the fundamental variable that can influence the Quality of Financial Reports, so the level of the Regional Financial Accounting System will influence the high and inferior Quality of Financial Reports in the Regional Government of Jayapura City.

This shows that the monetary bookkeeping framework at the Jayapura City government is acceptable and ideal either physically or electronic so representatives who comprehend the bookkeeping framework can do their obligations and obligations to arrange quality monetary reports. As indicated by Hasanah and Fauzi (2016) the neighborhood government monetary bookkeeping framework is a bookkeeping framework both physically and automated which as of now has the stages or procedural gadgets and furthermore guidelines that should be continued to gather and record territorial monetary exchanges and afterward deal with the information into different reports. finance for outside and inward gatherings of the territorial government as responsibility for the execution of the provincial income and consumption financial plan and different spending plans identified with local money.

The bookkeeping data framework is a supplier of monetary data required by invested individuals. The gatherings with an interest in the utilization of monetary data are outside and inner gatherings. The motivation behind the presentation of the bookkeeping data framework is to give an outline of whether a current exhibition is as per what is required and as per the goals (Pattiasina et al., 2021).

The aftereffects of this review are in accordance with Kapriana and Agung (2020), Rohmah et al. (2020), Putri and Agustiawan (2020) who expressed that the provincial monetary bookkeeping framework had a positive and huge impact on the nature of nearby government monetary reports.

3. The Effect of Financial Supervision on the Quality of Financial Reports

In view of the aftereffects of a straightforward direct relapse test, it is realized that the Financial Supervision variable (X3) has no impact on the Financial Report Quality variable (Y), these outcomes are shown by the worth of the fractional t test that the tcount esteem is 0.746 and the importance esteem is 0.457 more prominent than the 0 importance level. ,05. Accordingly, Financial Supervision isn't the primary variable that can influence the Quality of Financial Reports, so the degree of Financial Supervision won't influence the high and inferior Quality of Financial Reports in the Regional Government of Jayapura City.

This implies that the oversight of the organization designated by the local government to supervise the execution of frameworks inside the Jayapura City government doesn't have a lot of impact in light of the fact that the inward control framework and monetary bookkeeping framework have been running ideally so the nature of the public authority's monetary reports naturally turns out to be acceptable and quality.

As indicated by the Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs Number 51 of 2010 concerning Guidelines for Supervision of the Implementation of Regional Government, specifically Regional Financial Supervision is a course of exercises pointed toward guaranteeing that neighborhood states run viably and proficiently as per the plans and arrangements of laws and guidelines.

The consequences of this review are in accordance with Widodo and Maharani (2021) which express that monetary management doesn't fundamentally influence the nature of neighborhood government monetary reports, so the degree of monetary control doesn't influence the nature of its fiscal summaries.

4. The Effect of Information Technology Utilization on the Quality of Financial Reports

In light of the consequences of a straightforward direct relapse test, it is realized that the Information Technology Utilization variable (X4) has no impact on the Financial Report Quality variable (Y), the outcomes are shown by the worth of the incomplete t test that the tcount esteem is 0.922 and the importance esteem is 0.359 moreof an importance level of 0.05. Along these lines, the utilization of data innovation isn't the fundamental element that can influence the nature of fiscal summaries, so the high and low use of data innovation won't influence the nature of monetary reports in the Jayapura City Government.

This implies that the utilization of data innovation in neighborhood state run administrations has not been completely run ideally in light of the fact that some Regional Apparatus Organizations still frequently utilize manual frameworks and data identified with the presentation of nearby legislatures isn't directed overall to people in general. As indicated by the clarification of the Government of Indonesia Regulation Number 56 of 2005 concerning Regional Financial Information Systems that to follow up the execution of the improvement cycle in accordance with the standards of good administration, neighborhood states have a commitment to create and use propels in data innovation to work on the capacity to oversee provincial money. The public authority is additionally obliged to circulate territorial monetary data to public administrations. The public authority needs to enhance the utilization of advances in data innovation that keeps on developing to work on the presentation of every worker.

The aftereffects of this review are in accordance with Adhivinna and Hikmahwati (2020) and Maydiyanti et al. (2020) which expresses that the utilization of data innovation doesn't influence the nature of fiscal summaries, so the degree of utilization of data innovation doesn't influence the nature of monetary reports.

5. Impact of Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision and Utilization of Information Technology on the Quality of Financial Reports

In view of the consequences of the different direct relapse test, it tends to be seen that the Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision and Utilization of Information Technology at the same time significantly affect the Quality of Financial Reports with a determined F worth of 121.456 and a meaning of 0.000. Then, at that point, the Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision and Utilization of Information Technology can add to the impact of the Financial Report Quality variable by 82.7%. Hence, the Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision and Utilization of Information Technology are significant factors in affecting both the high and bad Quality of Financial Reports in the Jayapura City Government.

The aftereffects of this review are in accordance with Saputra et al. (2020), Adhivinna and Hikmahwati (2020), Kaifah and Tryana (2020), Kapriana and Agung (2020), Litualy (2020), Maydiyanti et al. (2020), Murapi (2020), Rohmah et al. (2020), Putri and Agustiawan (2020), Pratiwi and Wahyundaru (2020) which express that the inward control framework, local monetary bookkeeping framework, monetary oversight and the concurrent utilization of data innovation significantly affect the nature of monetary reports.

Conclucion

In view of the consequences of examination that has been done in regards to the impact of the Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision and Utilization of Information Technology on the Quality of Financial Reports, the accompanying ends can be drawn:

- 1. The Internal Control System has a positive and critical impact on the Quality of Financial Reports. This implies that the higher the Internal Control System, the higher the Quality of Financial Reports that happen in the Regional Government of Jayapura City.
- 2. The Regional Financial Accounting System has a positive and critical impact on the Quality of Financial Reports. This implies that the higher the Regional Financial Accounting System, the higher the Quality of Financial Reports that happen in the Regional Government of Jayapura City.
- 3. Monetary Supervision has no impact on the Quality of Financial Reports. This implies that both high and low Financial Supervision doesn't influence the Quality of Financial Reports in the Jayapura City Government.
- 4. Use of Information Technology doesn't influence the Quality of Financial Reports. This implies that both high and low use of Information Technology doesn't influence the Quality of Financial Reports in the Jayapura City Government.
- 5. Inward Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision, and Utilization of Information Technology have a critical concurrent impact on the Quality of Financial Reports in the Jayapura City Government.

A few ideas that can be advanced in this examination are as per the following:

- 1. For offices of the Jayapura City Government Regional Apparatus Organizations, to consistently augment the nature of monetary reports by considering the elements of the Internal Control System, Regional Financial Accounting System, Financial Supervision, and Utilization of Information Technology.
- 2. For Yap . College this examination can be utilized as reference material and extra information to foster talk showing strategies and exploration related variables that can influence the nature of monetary reports in neighborhood states.
- 3. For additional analysts, it is prescribed to add other autonomous factors that can influence the nature of monetary reports, just as the choice of various examination protests separated from the Jayapura City OPD and all the more comprehensively to acquire better exploration results.

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